

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन
सामान्य प्रशासन विभाग
मन्त्रालय
दाऊ कल्याण सिंह भवन, रायपुर

क्रमांक एफ 7-6/2005/1/6
प्रति,


रायपुर दिनांक 5 जुलाई, 2005

शासन के समस्त विभाग,
समस्त विभागाध्यक्ष,
समस्त कलेक्टरों ।

विषय-सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम-2005 का नियत समयवधि में क्रियान्वयन ।

विषयांतर्गत केन्द्र शासन से प्राप्त पत्र क्रमांक जी.ओ. 34012/4/(S) 2005
Esstt (B) दिनांक 23 जून, 2005 एवं उसके साथ प्राप्त सूचना का अधिकार अधिनियम-2005
की छायाप्रति संलग्न प्रेषित है ।

कृपया केन्द्र शासन के पत्र में दिये गये निर्देशानुसार नियत समय सीमा में
समुचित आवश्यक कार्यवाही करना सुनिश्चित किया जाय ।


(नन्द कुमार)

विशेष सचिव

छत्तीसगढ़ शासन

सामान्य प्रशासन विभाग एवं ग्राम पंचायत

निरन्तर2

D.O.No.34012/4/(s)/2005-Estt(B)
RTI ACT PRIORITY/PERSONAL ATTENTION

MOST IMMEDIATE

भारत सरकार
कार्मिक, लोक शिकायत तथा पेंशन मंत्रालय
नई दिल्ली-110 001
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES
AND PENSIONS
NEW DELHI-110 001

1982 JCS/05-GOI
29-6-2006

23rd June, 2005

SECRETARY
23094848

Dear Chief Secretary,

Kindly refer to my letter of 26th/27th May, 2005 regarding enactment of a new legislation on 'Right to Information' to replace 'The Freedom of Information Act, 2002'. 'The Right to Information Bill, 2005', as passed by the Houses of Parliament, received the assent of the President on 15th June, 2005 following which 'The Right to Information Act, 2005' has been published in the Gazette of India on 21st June, 2005. A copy of the Act is enclosed.

2. As a first step towards implementation, it is requested that the RTI Act may be given wide publicity and also brought to the notice of all employees in the State Government as well as organizations under its administrative control which are covered by the definition of 'public authority' as given in section 2(h), so that an awareness is created about the new work culture.

3. Further, and as has been emphasized in my earlier letter, it is necessary to establish the requisite infra-structure beforehand in order to make the Act operational. The specific areas, on which action is called for on the part of the State Government, have already been brought to your notice and action may now be taken to formalize the arrangements made in this regard.

4. Incidentally, information of general interest on the RTI Act is being made available on this Department's web-site at the following address:-

<<http://www.peramin.nic.in>>

We would welcome your suggestions to effect any improvement in the contents.

5. As the provisions of the RTI Act call for time-bound action since the 120 days' period laid down in section 1(3) thereof has commenced from 15th June, 2005, I take this opportunity to request once again immediate action at your end so as to prevent any default towards implementation of the legislation.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Signature)
(A.N. TIWARI)

Encl: as above

28 JUN 2005

PS: GAD

S. Sec. RTI

Most urgent

(Signature)

Shri A.K. Vijayavargiya
Chief Secretary,
Government of Chhattisgarh,
Government Secretariat,
Raipur.

(Signature)
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भारत का राजपत्र
The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II — खण्ड 1
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प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं. 25] 15 जून 2005 / 15 जून 2005 / 31 जून 1927
No. 25] NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 2005 / JYAISHTHA 31, 1927

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 21st June, 2005 / Jyaishtha 31, 1927 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 15th June, 2005, and is hereby published for general information:—

THE RIGHT TO INFORMATION ACT, 2005

No. 22 of 2005

[15th June, 2005.]

An Act to provide for setting out the practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, the constitution of a Central Information Commission and State Information Commissions and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

WHEREAS the Constitution of India has established democratic Republic;

AND WHEREAS democracy requires an informed citizenry and transparency of information which are vital to its functioning and also to contain corruption and to hold Governments and their instrumentalities accountable to the governed;

AND WHEREAS revelation of information in actual practice is likely to conflict with other public interests including efficient operations of the Governments, optimum use of limited fiscal resources and the preservation of confidentiality of sensitive information;

